



Session 2 - B - The Beginning of the Universe Points to God.

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1. The _____ of the universe points to God.

- a. Mk. 10:6 - Jesus claimed that God _____ the universe and everything in it.
- b. The _____ of the universe points to God.

2. The Kalam cosmological argument (as stated by Dr. William Lane Craig):

- a. Premise 1: Everything that _____ to exist has a cause of its existence.
- b. Premise 2: The _____ began to exist.
- c. Conclusion: Therefore, the universe has a _____ of its existence.

3. This cosmological argument is logically valid.

- a. To refute this argument the atheist must refute the premises.
- b. Premise 1: Everything that begins to exist has a cause of its existence.
 - i. You can't get _____ from _____.
- c. Premise 2: The Universe began to exist.
 - i. Recent measurements _____ the cyclical model.
 - ii. The idea of the multiverse doesn't get the atheist out of their problem with the _____ of the universe.



- d. For _____ to exist at all, there has to be _____ that exists in its own nature.
 - i. We call this self-existent creator _____.
 - ii. Since God did not _____ to exist, we don't need to explain a cause for God's existence.
 - iii. If there was a cause for His existence He would not be God.
- e. We don't believe in a _____ of the gaps. The science points to a Creator.

4. What about the Big Bang?

- a. We believe in Creation. The “_____” is just the scientist's term for the evidence for that beginning event.
- b. When someone brings up the “Big Bang,” go a little deeper; focus on the _____ and ask them what is _____ the beginning of the universe.

5. Summary: The cosmological argument is convincing.

- a. The universe had a cause and that cause was all _____, omni - _____, _____-less and eternal, self-_____, intelligent, _____, and makes _____. That cause is God!

Discuss people's thoughts on the session and the following questions:

1. How can this information help you address personal doubts?
2. When someone brings up the Big Bang, how can you respectfully transition the conversation?
3. How do the attributes of the cause of the universe point to God?

Answers: beginning, created, beginning, begins, universe, cause, something, nothing, disprove, powerful, present, time, existent, relational, decisions, beginning, anything, something, God, begin, God, Big Bang, cosmological argument, behind,